MODERN INDIA

Syllabus

Lecture: 1 The Eighteenth Century

- 1) Factors for the decline of the Mughal Empire.
- 2) The regional principalities: Nizam's Deccan, Bengal, Awadh, Maratha ascendancy under the Peshwas
- 3) Emergence of Afghan power Battle of Panipat, 1761
- 4) State of, political, cultural and economic, on eve of the British conquest.

Lecture: 2 European Penetration into India

1) The Early European Settlements

(The Portuguese and the Dutch; The English and the French East India Companies)

- 2) Struggle for supremacy
- Carnatic Wars
- Bengal-The conflict between the English and the Nawabs of Bengal; Siraj and the English
- The Battle of Plassey



Lecture: 3 British Expansion in India and abroad & relation with native states

- 1) Bengal
- Mir Jafar and Mir Kasim (The Battle of Buxar)
- 2) Mysore
- 3) The Marathas (Anglo-Maratha Wars)
- 4) Punjab

Lecture: 4 Growth of British Paramountcy

Lecture: 5 The Freedom Struggle

- 1) The Revolt of 1857
- 2) Growth of Nationalism in India (1858–1905)
- 3) Political, Economic & Administrative Unification of the Country
- 4) Early Political Movements
- 5) Formation of INC



6) Era of Moderates

Lecture: 6 Growth of Militant Nationalism & Revolutionary Activities (1905–18)

- 1) Swadeshi & Boycott Movement
- 2) Surat Split
- 3) Morley-Minto Reforms
- 4) Growth of Communalism

Lecture: 7 Beginning of Mass Nationalism (1919–39)

- 1) Mahatma Gandhi His Ideas & Leadership
- 2) Rowlatt Act, Satyagraha, and Jallianwala Bagh Massacre
- 3) Non-Cooperation & Khilafat Movements
- 4) Swarajists & No-Changers
- 5) Emergence of New Forces Socialistic Ideas, Youth & Trade Unionism
- 6) Revolutionary Activities



- 7) Simon Commission & Nehru Report
- 8) Civil Disobedience Movement
- -Round Table Conferences
- -Communal Award & Poona Pact
- 9) Participation in Elections to Central Legislature (1934) & Provincial Assemblies (1937)

Lecture: 8 Growth of the Left: The Communist Party of India and the Congress Socialist Party

Lecture: 9 Towards Freedom & Partition (1939-47)

- 1) National Movement during World War II
- 2) August Offer
- Individual Satyagraha
- 3) Growth of Communalism
- 4) Cripps Mission
- 5) Quit India Movement
- 6) Wavell Plan



- 7) INA & Subhash Chandra Bose
- 8) Cabinet Mission
- 9) Nationalist Upsurge Post-World War II

Lecture: 10 Independence with Partition

Consolidation as a Nation (Post independence)

- 1) Nehru's Foreign Policy; India and her neighbors (1947-1964)
- 2) The linguistic reorganization of States (1935-1947)
- 3) Regionalism and regional inequality
- 4) Integration of Princely States

Lecture: 11 Communalism, Muslim Separatism and Partition

Lecture: 12 Social and Religious Reform movements



Lecture: 13 Peasant and Tribal revolts

Lecture: 14 British Policies

- Administrative Policies
- Judicial Policy
- Education Policy
- Economic Policy
- Social & Cultural Policy